

Series 201 Epoxoprime

Program Operator: Smart EPD®
www.smartepd.com



SmartEPD-2026-068-1010-02

Date of Issue

Sep 24, 2026

Expiration Date

Sep 24, 2031

Last Updated

Sep 24, 2026

Refer to the EPD Library at www.smartepd.com for the latest EPD listing information



General Information

Tnemec

123 West 23rd Avenue, North Kansas City, Missouri 64116

816-483-3400

environmentalgroup@tnemec.com

www.tnemec.com



Product Name:	Series 201 Epoxoprime
Functional Unit:	1 m2 of covered and protected substrate for a period of 60 years
Declaration Number:	SmartEPD-2026-068-1010-02
Date of Issue:	September 24, 2026
Expiration:	September 24, 2031
Last updated:	September 24, 2026
EPD Scope:	Cradle to grave A1 - A3, A4, A5, B1 - B7, C1 - C4, D
Market(s) of Applicability:	North America

General Organization Information

Tnemec Company, Inc. is a privately held manufacturer of high-performance protective coatings and linings, founded in 1921. The company specializes in coatings that protect surfaces and structures from corrosion, serving critical infrastructure, industrial, water, wastewater, architectural, and other demanding markets. It is headquartered in North Kansas City, MO, with manufacturing facilities in North Kansas City, MO, Baltimore, MD, and Shanghai, China, and distribution facilities across North America.

Further information can be found at: <https://tnemec.com/>

Limitations, Liability and Ownership

Environmental declarations from different programs (ISO 14025) may not be comparable. Comparison of the environmental performance of products using EPD information shall be based on the product's use and impacts at the building level, and therefore EPDs may not be used for comparability purposes when not considering the whole building life cycle. EPD comparability is only possible when all stages of a life cycle have been considered. However, variations and deviations are possible. Example of variations: Different LCA software and background LCI datasets may lead to differences results for upstream or downstream of the life cycle stages declared. The EPD owner has sole ownership, liability, and responsibility for the EPD.

Reference Standards

Standard(s):	ISO 14025:2006 and ISO 21930:2017
PCR:	NSF PCR for Resinous Floor Coatings v.1e Date of issue: December 17, 2018 Valid until: August 05, 2026
PCR review panel:	 Contact Smart EPD for more information.

General Program Instructions:

 Smart EPD General Program Instructions v.2.0, March 2025

Verification Information

LCA Author/Creator:

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 PARQ
 seth@parqhq.com

EPD Program Operator:

 Smart EPD
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 www.smartepd.com
 585 Grove St., Ste. 145, Herndon, VA 20170, USA

Verification:

Independent critical review of the LCA and data, according to ISO 14044 and ISO 14071:

External

 Rifat Karim |  Independent Consultant |  rifat.chimique@gmail.com

Independent external verification of EPD, according to ISO 14025 and reference PCR(s):

External

 Rifat Karim |  Independent Consultant |  rifat.chimique@gmail.com

Product Information

Functional Unit:

1 m2 of covered and protected substrate for a period of 60 years

Mass:

0.223 kg

Reference Service Life:

5 Years

Product Specificity:

 Product Average
 Product Specific

Product Description

High-solids moisture-tolerant epoxy primer formulated with an adhesion-enhancing additive for exceptional performance on a variety of substrates. Used for priming concrete, wood, wallboard, and drywall, and also as a stand-alone one-coat clear floor sealer. Excellent chemical resistance when used as a sealer or part of a multi-coat system.

Further information can be found at: <https://production.tnemec.com/resources/product/PDS/201.pdf>

Product Specifications

Product SKU(s):

Series 201 Epoxoprime

Product Classification Codes:

EC3 - Finishes -> Flooring

Coating Type:

Thin mil floor coating

Options:

 Industrial

Estimated market service life:

5 years

Estimated technical service life:

5 years



Material Composition

Material/Component Category	Origin	% Mass
Additive	US, CN	< 10
Resin	US, CN, SK	72 - 100
Solvent	US	< 10

Packaging Material	Origin	kg Mass
Plastic hdpe	US	0.04

Hazardous Materials
Epoxy resin (LER) (25085-99-8)
Cresyl glycidyl ether (2210-79-9)
Benzyl alcohol (100-51-6)
Nonylphenol (84852-15-3)
Gamma-glycidoxypropyltrimethoxysilane (2530-83-8)
Methyl isobutyl ketone (108-10-1)
Aromatic petroleum distillate (64742-95-6)
Phenol, 2-nonyl-, branched (91672-41-2)
Toluene (108-88-3)
Modified cycloaliphatic polyamine (1761-71-3)
Modified aliphatic amine (Not disclosed)

EPD Data Specificity

- Primary Data Year: January 1, 2025 - December 31, 2025
- Manufacturing Specificity:
 - ✗ Industry Average
 - ✗ Manufacturer Average
 - ✓ Facility Specific

Averaging:
Averaging was not conducted for this EPD.

System Boundary

Production	A1	Raw material supply	✓
	A2	Transport	✓
	A3	Manufacturing	✓
Construction	A4	Transport to site	✓
	A5	Assembly / Install	✓
Use	B1	Use	✓
	B2	Maintenance	✓
	B3	Repair	✓
	B4	Replacement	✓
	B5	Refurbishment	✓
	B6	Operational Energy Use	✓
	B7	Operational Water Use	✓
End of Life	C1	Deconstruction	✓
	C2	Transport	✓
	C3	Waste Processing	✓
	C4	Disposal	✓
Benefits & Loads Beyond System Boundary	D	Recycling, Reuse Recovery Potential	✓

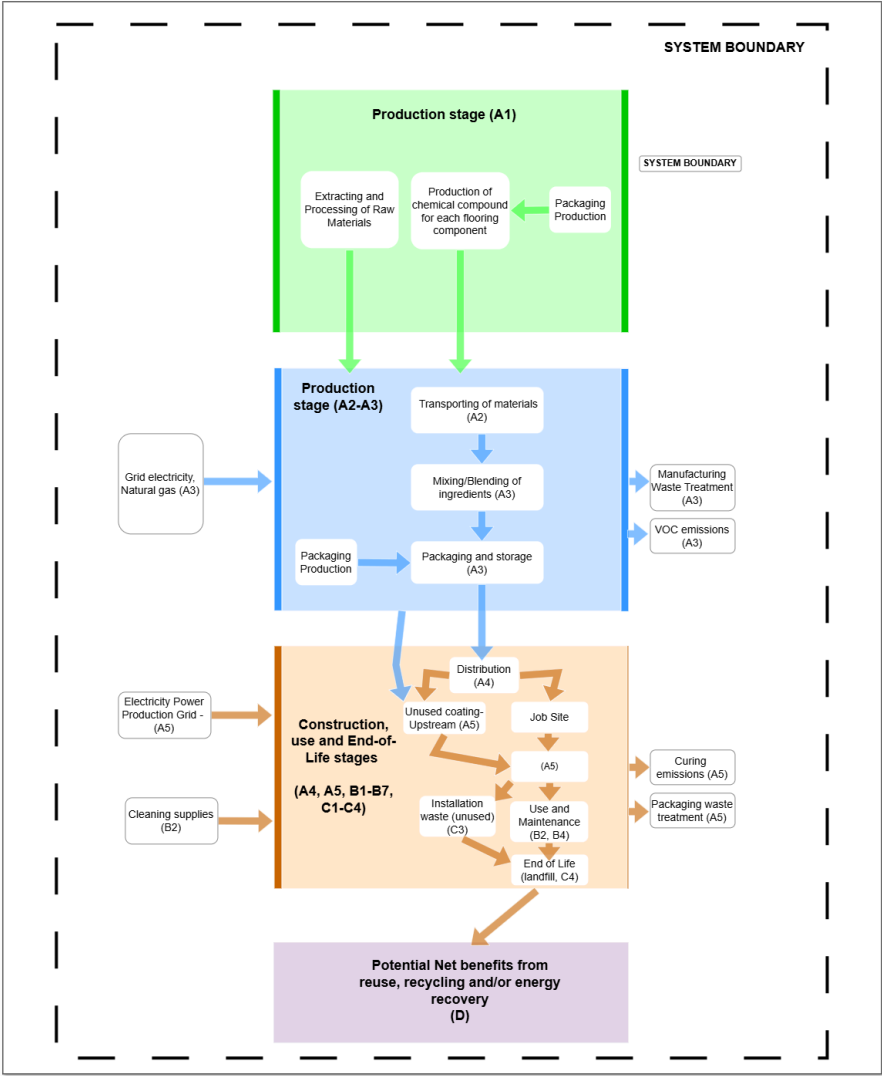
Note:

ND = Module not declared

Plants

-  Tnemec 123 West 23rd Avenue, North Kansas City, Missouri 64116, USA
-  Tnemec 2300 Edgewater Avenue, Baltimore, MD, USA

Product Flow Diagram



Software And Database

LCA Software:	☰	SimaPro v. 10.2
LCI Foreground Database(s):	☰	Ecoinvent v. 3.9.1 ☞ Cut-off by Classification
LCI Background Database(s):	☰	Ecoinvent v. 3.9.1 ☞ Cut-off by Classification

A foreground LCI database is the database used to model the primary, site-specific data collected for this EPD. A background LCI database is the database used to model generic or non-specific data.

Data Quality

The quality of inventory data is evaluated based on several criteria, including precision, completeness, consistency, and representativeness. The analysis follows the data quality level and criteria of the UN Environment Global Guidance on LCA database development. Based on these factors, the overall data quality is rated as "Good".

Precision and completeness:

- Precision (Very Good): The inventory data used in this study were either directly measured, calculated, or estimated based on primary data sources, ensuring high precision. Background data from ecoinvent v3 database also has documented precision to the extent available.
- Completeness (Very Good): The product system's mass balance and inventory completeness were thoroughly checked. Some exclusions were made in line with the PCR requirements, such as personnel impacts, R&D activities, business travel, secondary packaging, point of sale infrastructure, and the coating applicator. However, no data was intentionally omitted.

Consistency and reproducibility:

- Consistency (Good): Primary data were collected with a similar level of detail, while background data primarily came from the ecoinvent database, with other databases used only if necessary or more representative. The modeling approach and other methodological choices were applied consistently throughout the model.
- Reproducibility (Very Good): This study ensures reproducibility by providing comprehensive disclosure of input-output data, dataset choices, and modeling approaches. A knowledgeable third party should be able to approximate the results using the same data and modeling methods.

Representativeness (Good):

- Temporal: Primary data were collected for the totality of the reference study period to ensure the representativeness. Secondary data from the ecoinvent v3.9.1 database is typically representative of recent years, a detailed data quality analysis following ISO 21930 was performed on the background database and is available at request.
- Geographical: Primary data represents Tnemec's production facility in North Kansas City, MO and Baltimore, MD. We considered regional differences in electric grid mix using appropriate secondary data. Country-specific data ensures high geographical representativeness, with proxy data used only when necessary.
- Technological (Good): Both primary and secondary data were tailored to the specific technologies studied, ensuring high technological representativeness.

Life Cycle Module Description

The production stage (A1-A3) starts with the reception of raw materials, typically in the form of chemical packages (cans, plastic pails, plastic drums, supersacks, bags, etc). Next, the raw materials are mixed to form resins and additives. Non-hazardous waste, consisting mainly of packaging waste materials, is sent for disposal, incineration, and/or recycling. Hazardous waste consists of manufacturing product losses.

The construction stage (A4-A5) starts with the packaged and finished coating leaving the production site and ends with the finished coating being installed/applied and cured onto the flooring substrate at the site. Impacts include VOC emissions from curing, product packaging disposal, and upstream production stage impacts associated with the ~2% of the wet mass of the coating that remains unused.

The use stage (B1-B7) begins after the resinous floor coating has fully cured after installation and continues until the product reaches its end-of-life stage. Impacts include all cleaning and necessary recoating events during the service lifetime.

End-of-life (C1-C4) was modeled according to PCR descriptions. Product at the end of life is sent to landfill. Unused solvent-based coatings are incinerated for energy recovery and water-based coatings are sent to landfill.



Finally, impacts beyond system boundaries (Module D) include energy recovered from unused product incineration (C3) and the recycling of packaging materials (A5).

LCA Discussion

Allocation Procedure

Allocation of co-products was avoided, to the extent it was possible, based on the guidance given in ISO 14044:2006, 4.3., in ISO 21930:2017. Energy use, water consumption, wastewater treatment and VOC emissions at the North Kansas City, MO and Baltimore, MD were allocated by mass. Solid waste was estimated using packaging masses and material losses and allocated following the polluter pays principle.

Cut-off Procedure

The system boundary was defined based on relevance to the goal of the study. For the raw material (A1) and process related inputs (A3), all available energy and material flow data have been included in the model. Exclusions allowed by the PCR such as secondary and tertiary packaging, were implemented.

Renewable Electricity

Energy Attribute Certificates (EACs) such as Renewable Energy Certificates (RECs) or Power Purchase Agreements (PPAs) are included in the baseline reported results: ✗ No

Scenarios

Transport to the building/construction site (A4)

A4 Module

Fuel Type:	Diesel
Vehicle Type:	Truck and Trailer
Transport Distance:	1000 km
Capacity Utilization:	33 %
Packaging Mass:	0.03913 kg
Gross density of products transported:	1098 kg/m3
Weight of products transported:	0.2621 kg
Volume of products transported:	2.387e-7 m3
Capacity utilization volume factor:	1
Assumptions for scenario development:	Transport distance includes finished product to distribution center and distribution center to point of sale.

Installation in to the building/construction site (A5)

A5 Module

Installation Scrap Rate Assumed:	2 %
Product Lost per Declared/Functional Unit:	0.00446 kg
Mass of Packaging Waste Specified by Type:	0.03913 kg
Assumptions for scenario development:	

Use (B1)

B1 Module

Use Conditions:

Once the product is cured, the use stage starts. No impacts associated with this module have been calculated.

Maintenance (B2)

B2 Module

Maintenance Cycle:	18.33 Cycles/RSL
	220 Cycles/ESL
Net Fresh Water Consumption Specified by Water Source and Fate:	0.83 m3
Ancillary Materials Specified by Type:	1.32 kg

Repair (B3)

B3 Module

Further assumptions for scenario development:	No repair impacts assumed as per PCR guidance
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Replacement (B4)

B4 Module

Reference Service Life:	5 Years
Replacement Cycle:	11 (ESL/RSL)-1
Replacement of Worn Parts:	2.46 kg
Further assumptions for scenario development:	Values assume design service life

Refurbishment (B5)

B5 Module

Further assumptions for scenario development:	No refurbishment impacts assumed as per PCR guidance.
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Operational Energy Use (B6) & Operational Water Use (B7)

B6 & B7 Modules

Further assumptions for scenario development:	
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No operational energy and water use as per PCR guidance.

End of Life (C1 - C4)

C1 - C4 Modules

Collection Process

Collected Separately:	0.05352 kg
Collected with Mixed Construction Waste:	2.636 kg

Recovery

Landfill:	2.636 kg
Incineration:	0.05352 kg

Reuse, Recovery and / or Recycling Potentials & Relevant Scenario Information (D)

D Module

Net Energy Benefit from Material Flow Declared in C3 for Energy Recovery:	1.17 MJ
Further assumptions for scenario development:	According to the ecoinvent 3.9.1 process “treatment of waste paint,” the incineration of unused product at installation achieves a gross thermal efficiency of 74.4% and a gross electrical efficiency of 10%.

Results

Environmental Impact Assessment Results

IPCC AR5 GWP 100, TRACI 2.1

per 1 m2 of product of covered and protected substrate for a period of 60 years.

LCIA results are relative expressions and do not predict impacts on category endpoints, the exceeding of thresholds, safety margins or risks.

Market service lifetime

Impact Category	Unit	Method	A1 - A3	A4	A5	B1	B2	B3	B4	B5	B6	B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
GWP-total	kg CO2-eq	IPCC AR5 GWP 100	1.27e+0	2.77e-2	1.01e-1	0	6.14e+0	0	1.54e+1	0	0	0	0	9.10e-3	1.94e-1	5.35e-1	-9.10e-1
ODP	kg CFC-11 eq	TRACI 2.1	7.67e-6	4.76e-10	1.53e-7	0	1.85e-7	0	8.60e-5	0	0	0	0	1.56e-10	1.33e-9	1.47e-8	-9.81e-9
AP	kg SO2 eq	TRACI 2.1	4.94e-3	8.84e-5	1.17e-4	0	2.34e-2	0	5.66e-2	0	0	0	0	2.90e-5	1.27e-4	1.85e-3	-2.18e-3
EP	kg N eq	TRACI 2.1	5.16e-3	2.44e-5	1.21e-4	0	2.87e-2	0	5.84e-2	0	0	0	0	8.02e-6	8.22e-5	1.85e-3	-1.48e-3
POCP	kg O3 eq	TRACI 2.1	6.48e-2	2.03e-3	1.83e-3	0	3.24e-1	0	7.55e-1	0	0	0	0	6.65e-4	1.67e-3	3.01e-2	-4.67e-2

Note:

Not all abbreviated indicators listed below may be present in the results above. The inclusion of indicators varies based on PCR requirements.

Abbreviations:

GWP = Global Warming Potential, 100 years (may also be denoted as GWP-total, GWP-fossil (fossil fuels), GWP-biogenic (biogenic sources), GWP-luluc (land use and land use change)), ODP = Ozone Depletion Potential, AP = Acidification Potential, EP = Eutrophication Potential, SFP = Smog Formation Potential, POCP = Photochemical oxidant creation potential, ADP-Fossil = Abiotic depletion potential for fossil resources, ADP-Minerals&Metals = Abiotic depletion potential for non-fossil resources, WDP = Water deprivation potential, PM = Particulate Matter Emissions, IRP = Ionizing radiation, human health, ETP-fw = Eco-toxicity (freshwater), HTP-c = Human toxicity (cancer), HTP-nc = Human toxicity (non-cancer), SQP = Soil quality index.

The estimated service life under this scenario is 5.0 years.



Technical service lifetime

Impact Category	Unit	Method	A1 - A3	A4	A5	B1	B2	B3	B4	B5	B6	B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
GWP-total	kg CO2-eq	IPCC AR5 GWP 100	1.27e+0	2.77e-2	1.01e-1	0	6.14e+0	0	1.54e+1	0	0	0	0	9.10e-3	1.94e-1	5.35e-1	-9.10e-1
ODP	kg CFC-11 eq	TRACI 2.1	7.67e-6	4.76e-10	1.53e-7	0	1.85e-7	0	8.60e-5	0	0	0	0	1.56e-10	1.33e-9	1.47e-8	-9.81e-9
AP	kg SO2 eq	TRACI 2.1	4.94e-3	8.84e-5	1.17e-4	0	2.34e-2	0	5.66e-2	0	0	0	0	2.90e-5	1.27e-4	1.85e-3	-2.18e-3
EP	kg N eq	TRACI 2.1	5.16e-3	2.44e-5	1.21e-4	0	2.87e-2	0	5.84e-2	0	0	0	0	8.02e-6	8.22e-5	1.85e-3	-1.48e-3
POCP	kg O3 eq	TRACI 2.1	6.48e-2	2.03e-3	1.83e-3	0	3.24e-1	0	7.55e-1	0	0	0	0	6.65e-4	1.67e-3	3.01e-2	-4.67e-2

Note:

Not all abbreviated indicators listed below may be present in the results above. The inclusion of indicators varies based on PCR requirements.

Abbreviations:

GWP = Global Warming Potential, 100 years (may also be denoted as GWP-total, GWP-fossil (fossil fuels), GWP-biogenic (biogenic sources), GWP-luluc (land use and land use change)), ODP = Ozone Depletion Potential, AP = Acidification Potential, EP = Eutrophication Potential, SFP = Smog Formation Potential, POCP = Photochemical oxidant creation potential, ADP-Fossil = Abiotic depletion potential for fossil resources, ADP-Minerals&Metals = Abiotic depletion potential for non-fossil resources, WDP = Water deprivation potential, PM = Particular Matter Emissions, IRP = Ionizing radiation, human health, ETP-fw = Eco-toxicity (freshwater), HTP-c = Human toxicity (cancer), HTP-nc = Human toxicity (non-cancer), SQP = Soil quality index.

The estimated service life under this scenario is 5.0 years.

Resource Use Indicator

per 1 m2 of product of covered and protected substrate for a period of 60 years.

Market service lifetime

Indicator	Unit	A1 - A3	A4	A5	B1	B2	B3	B4	B5	B6	B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
RPRE	MJ	7.07e-1	3.83e-3	1.46e-2	0	3.05e+0	0	7.98e+0	0	0	0	0	1.26e-3	4.07e-3	1.36e-1	-2.71e-1
RPRM	MJ	5.80e-1	1.27e-3	1.18e-2	0	5.03e+1	0	6.52e+0	0	0	0	0	4.16e-4	1.04e-3	1.95e+0	-6.99e-2
RPRT	MJ	1.29e+0	5.10e-3	2.64e-2	0	5.33e+1	0	1.45e+1	0	0	0	0	1.67e-3	5.10e-3	2.09e+0	-3.41e-1
NRPRE	MJ	2.50e+1	4.02e-1	5.24e-1	0	8.81e+1	0	2.85e+2	0	0	0	0	1.32e-1	8.69e-1	5.98e+0	-1.30e+1
NRPRM	MJ	2.61e-3	6.93e-6	5.30e-5	0	1.13e-2	0	2.94e-2	0	0	0	0	2.28e-6	3.38e-6	2.83e-4	-2.42e-4
NRPRT	MJ	2.50e+1	4.02e-1	5.24e-1	0	8.81e+1	0	2.85e+2	0	0	0	0	1.32e-1	8.69e-1	5.98e+0	-1.30e+1
ADPF	MJ	3.05e+0	5.65e-2	6.41e-2	0	1.03e+1	0	3.49e+1	0	0	0	0	1.86e-2	1.29e-1	3.68e-1	-1.61e+0
FW	m3	1.72e-2	5.26e-5	4.52e-4	0	1.07e+0	0	1.95e-1	0	0	0	0	1.73e-5	8.59e-5	2.57e-3	-2.06e-3
RE	MJ	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
NRSF	MJ	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
RSF	MJ	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SM	kg	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Note:

Not all abbreviated indicators listed below may be present in the results above. The inclusion of indicators varies based on PCR requirements.

Abbreviations:

RPRE or PERE = Renewable primary resources used as energy carrier (fuel), RPRM or PERM = Renewable primary resources with energy content used as material, RPRT or PERT = Total use of renewable primary resources with energy content, NRPRE or PENRE = Non-renewable primary resources used as an energy carrier (fuel), NRPRM or PENRM = Non-renewable primary resources with energy content used as material, NRPRT or PENRT = Total non-renewable primary resources with energy content, SM = Secondary materials, RSF = Renewable secondary fuels, NRSF = Non-renewable secondary fuels, RE = Recovered energy, ADPF = Abiotic depletion potential, FW = Use of net freshwater resources, VOCs = Volatile Organic Compounds.

The estimated service life under this scenario is 5.0 years.



Technical service lifetime

Indicator	Unit	A1 - A3	A4	A5	B1	B2	B3	B4	B5	B6	B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
RPRE	MJ	7.07e-1	3.83e-3	1.46e-2	0	3.05e+0	0	7.98e+0	0	0	0	0	1.26e-3	4.07e-3	1.36e-1	-2.71e-1
RPRM	MJ	5.80e-1	1.27e-3	1.18e-2	0	5.03e+1	0	6.52e+0	0	0	0	0	4.16e-4	1.04e-3	1.95e+0	-6.99e-2
RPRT	MJ	1.29e+0	5.10e-3	2.64e-2	0	5.33e+1	0	1.45e+1	0	0	0	0	1.67e-3	5.10e-3	2.09e+0	-3.41e-1
NRPRE	MJ	2.50e+1	4.02e-1	5.24e-1	0	8.81e+1	0	2.85e+2	0	0	0	0	1.32e-1	8.69e-1	5.98e+0	-1.30e+1
NRPRM	MJ	2.61e-3	6.93e-6	5.30e-5	0	1.13e-2	0	2.94e-2	0	0	0	0	2.28e-6	3.38e-6	2.83e-4	-2.42e-4
NRPRT	MJ	2.50e+1	4.02e-1	5.24e-1	0	8.81e+1	0	2.85e+2	0	0	0	0	1.32e-1	8.69e-1	5.98e+0	-1.30e+1
ADPF	MJ	3.05e+0	5.65e-2	6.41e-2	0	1.03e+1	0	3.49e+1	0	0	0	0	1.86e-2	1.29e-1	3.68e-1	-1.61e+0
FW	m3	1.72e-2	5.26e-5	4.52e-4	0	1.07e+0	0	1.95e-1	0	0	0	0	1.73e-5	8.59e-5	2.57e-3	-2.06e-3
RE	MJ	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
NRSF	MJ	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
RSF	MJ	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SM	kg	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Note:

Not all abbreviated indicators listed below may be present in the results above. The inclusion of indicators varies based on PCR requirements.

Abbreviations:

RPRE or PERE = Renewable primary resources used as energy carrier (fuel), RPRM or PERM = Renewable primary resources with energy content used as material, RPRT or PERT = Total use of renewable primary resources with energy content, NRPRE or PENRE = Non-renewable primary resources used as an energy carrier (fuel), NRPRM or PENRM = Non-renewable primary resources with energy content used as material, NRPT or PENRT = Total non-renewable primary resources with energy content, SM = Secondary materials, RSF = Renewable secondary fuels, NRSF = Non-renewable secondary fuels, RE = Recovered energy, ADPF = Abiotic depletion potential, FW = Use of net freshwater resources, VOCs = Volatile Organic Compounds.

The estimated service life under this scenario is 5.0 years.

Waste and Output Flow Indicators

per 1 m2 of product of covered and protected substrate for a period of 60 years.

Market service lifetime

Indicator	Unit	A1 - A3	A4	A5	B1	B2	B3	B4	B5	B6	B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
HWD	kg	4.46e-3	0	8.92e-5	0	0	0	5.00e-2	0	0	0	0	0	5.35e-2	2.64e+0	0
NHWD	kg	1.00e-2	0	8.03e-3	0	0	0	1.98e-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MR	kg	1.27e-2	0	2.54e-4	0	0	0	1.43e-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MER	kg	1.63e-3	0	3.13e-2	0	0	0	3.63e-1	0	0	0	0	0	5.35e-2	0	0
ILLRW	m3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
HLRW	m3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Note:

Not all abbreviated indicators listed below may be present in the results above. The inclusion of indicators varies based on PCR requirements.

Abbreviations:

HWD = Hazardous waste disposed, NHWD = Non-hazardous waste disposed, RWD = Radioactive waste disposed, HLRW = High-level radioactive waste, ILLRW = Intermediate- and low-level radioactive waste, CRU = Components for re-use, MFR or MR = Materials for recycling, MER = Materials for energy recovery, MNER = Materials for incineration, no energy recovery, EE or EEE = Recovered energy exported from the product system, EET = Exported thermal energy.

The estimated service life under this scenario is 5.0 years.

Significant data limitations currently exist within the LCI data used to generate waste metrics for Life Cycle Assessments and Environmental Product Declarations. The waste metrics were calculated in a way conformant with the requirements of ISO 21930:2017, but these values represent rough estimates and are for informational purposes only. As such, no decisions regarding actual cradle-grave waste performance between products should be derived from these reported values.

Technical service lifetime

Indicator	Unit	A1 - A3	A4	A5	B1	B2	B3	B4	B5	B6	B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
HWD	kg	4.46e-3	0	8.92e-5	0	0	0	5.00e-2	0	0	0	0	0	5.35e-2	2.64e+0	0
NHWD	kg	1.00e-2	0	8.03e-3	0	0	0	1.98e-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MR	kg	1.27e-2	0	2.54e-4	0	0	0	1.43e-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MER	kg	1.63e-3	0	3.13e-2	0	0	0	3.63e-1	0	0	0	0	0	5.35e-2	0	0
ILLRW	m3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
HLRW	m3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Note:

Not all abbreviated indicators listed below may be present in the results above. The inclusion of indicators varies based on PCR requirements.

Abbreviations:

HWD = Hazardous waste disposed, NHWD = Non-hazardous waste disposed, RWD = Radioactive waste disposed, HLRW = High-level radioactive waste, ILLRW = Intermediate- and low-level radioactive waste, CRU = Components for re-use, MFR or MR = Materials for recycling, MER = Materials for energy recovery, MNER = Materials for incineration, no energy recovery, EE or EEE = Recovered energy exported from the product system, EET = Exported thermal energy.

The estimated service life under this scenario is 5.0 years.

Significant data limitations currently exist within the LCI data used to generate waste metrics for Life Cycle Assessments and Environmental Product Declarations. The waste metrics were calculated in a way conformant with the requirements of ISO 21930:2017, but these values represent rough estimates and are for informational purposes only. As such, no decisions regarding actual cradle-grave waste performance between products should be derived from these reported values.

Carbon Emissions and Removals

per 1 m2 of product of covered and protected substrate for a period of 60 years.

Market service lifetime

Indicator	Unit	A1 - A3	A4	A5	B1	B2	B3	B4	B5	B6	B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
Bio Carbon Removal from Product	kg CO2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Bio Carbon Emission from Product	kg CO2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Bio Carbon Removal from Packaging	kg CO2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Bio Carbon Emission from Packaging	kg CO2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Bio Carbon Emission from Waste during Manufacturing (renewable source)	kg CO2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Calcination Carbon Removal	kg CO2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Carbonation Carbon Emission	kg CO2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Carbon Emission from Waste during Manufacturing (non-renewable source)	kg CO2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Note:

Not all abbreviated indicators listed below may be present in the results above. The inclusion of indicators varies based on PCR requirements.

Abbreviations:

BCRP = Biogenic Carbon Removal from Product, BCEP = Biogenic Carbon Emission from Product, BCRK = Biogenic Carbon Removal from Packaging, BCEK = Biogenic Carbon Emission from Packaging, BCEW = Biogenic Carbon Emission from Combustion of Waste from Renewable Sources Used in Production Processes, CCE = Calcination Carbon Emissions, CCR = Carbonation Carbon Removals, CWNR = Carbon Emissions from Combustion of Waste from Non-Renewable Sources used in Production Processes, GWP-luc = Carbon Emissions from Land-use Change.

The estimated service life under this scenario is 5.0 years.

Technical service lifetime

Indicator	Unit	A1 - A3	A4	A5	B1	B2	B3	B4	B5	B6	B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
Bio Carbon Removal from Product	kg CO2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Bio Carbon Emission from Product	kg CO2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Bio Carbon Removal from Packaging	kg CO2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Bio Carbon Emission from Packaging	kg CO2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Bio Carbon Emission from Waste during Manufacturing (renewable source)	kg CO2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Calcination Carbon Removal	kg CO2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Carbonation Carbon Emission	kg CO2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Carbon Emission from Waste during Manufacturing (non-renewable source)	kg CO2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Note:

Not all abbreviated indicators listed below may be present in the results above. The inclusion of indicators varies based on PCR requirements.

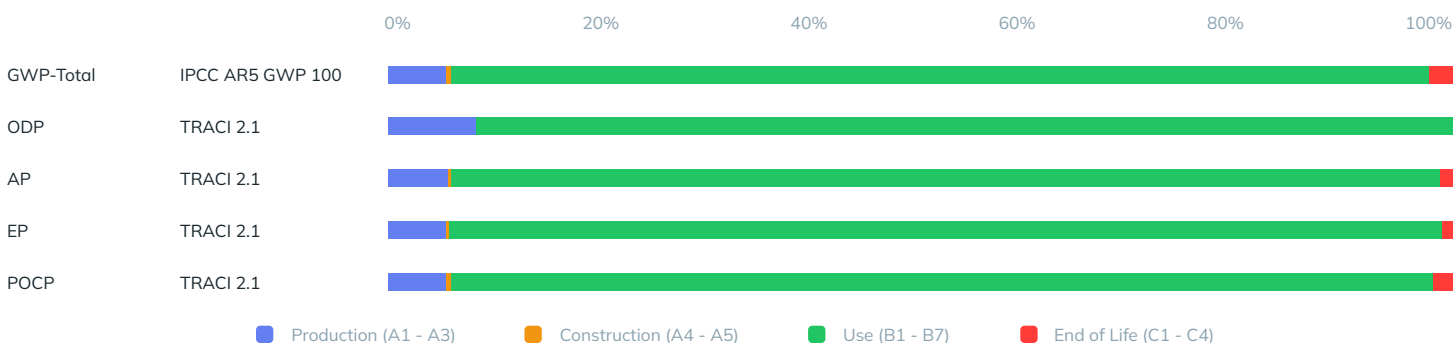
Abbreviations:

BCRP = Biogenic Carbon Removal from Product, BCEP = Biogenic Carbon Emission from Product, BCRK = Biogenic Carbon Removal from Packaging, BCEK = Biogenic Carbon Emission from Packaging, BCEW = Biogenic Carbon Emission from Combustion of Waste from Renewable Sources Used in Production Processes, CCE = Calcination Carbon Emissions, CCR = Carbonation Carbon Removals, CWNR = Carbon Emissions from Combustion of Waste from Non-Renewable Sources used in Production Processes, GWP-luc = Carbon Emissions from Land-use Change.

The estimated service life under this scenario is 5.0 years.

Interpretation

Raw materials are sourced from suppliers, transported to manufacturing facilities, and mixed to produce products. The product stage (A1-A3) drives the environmental impact, due to raw material production and energy use. This impacts is amplified in the use phase due to recoatings, making B4 the largest contributor to the overall impact. Market and Technical service life scenarios differ depending on assumed estimated service life (ESL), with lower impacts for longer-lived products. Those scenarios are constructed using PCR prescriptions that are highly conservative, as they assumed the replacemnt of the full coating sytem. End-of-life impacts are relatively low, as products are assumed to be landfilled with building demolition waste. Switching to renewable energy is advised for products with high manufacturing energy demands. The manufacturer should explore lower-impact raw materials and work with suppliers using sustainable methods or renewable energy to enhance product sustainability.



Additional Environmental Information

None

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